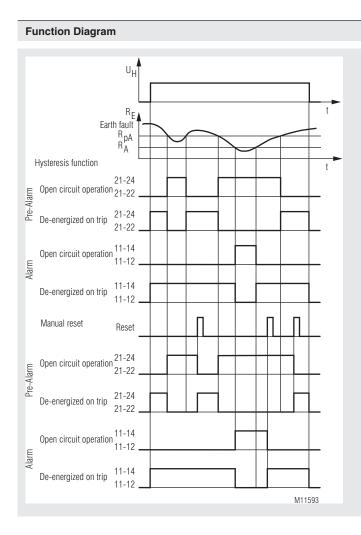
Monitoring Technique

VARIMETER IMD Insulation monitor RN 5897/010



Product Description

The insulation monitor RN 5897/010 of the VARIMETER IMD family provides best and up to date insulation monitoring of modern IT systems in an optimum and state of the art way fulfilling the relevant standards. The device can be used in the most flexible way for AC, DC and AC/DC systems even with large leakage capacity to earth (PE). The adjustment of the setting values is simple and user friendly done on 2 rotary switches on the front of the device. Via display and LEDs the measured value, device parameters and device status are indicated easy to read. With a sealable transparent cover the device is protectet against manipulation.



Translation of the original instructions



Your Advantages

- Preventive fire and system protection
- Detection of symmetric and asymmetric insulation faults
- Quick fault localisation through selective earth fault detection to L+ and L Universal application in non-earthed AC, DC, AC/DC networks
- up to AC max. 250 V or DC max. 300 V • With connection facility of an external coupling device RL 5898 for voltages up to AC 400 V / DC 500 V or
- RP 5898 for voltages up to AC 690 V / DC 1000 V
- Easy adjustment of response values and setting parameter via rotational switch and menu display
- Suitable for large leakage capacitances up to 1000 μF
- Optimised reaction time for large leakage capacitances
- Monitoring also with voltage-free mains
- Measuring circuit L(+)/L(-) with broken wire detection (can be switched off)
 Protective conductor PE1/PE2 with broken wire detection
- (can't be switched off)

Features

- Insulation monitoring according to IEC/EN 61557-8
- Trigger output for insulation fault locating system
- 2 separate adjustable response thresholds (using e.g. for pre-Alarm and Alarm)
- Setting range of 1st response value (Pre-Alarm): 20 k Ω ... 2 $M\Omega$
- Setting range of 2nd response value (Alarm): 1 k Ω ... 250 k Ω
- 2 changeover contacts für insulation failures-Pre-Alarm and -Alarm
- Energized or de-energized on trip can be selected for indicator relay
- Display for indication of measured value, device parameters and device status
- · Setting the maximum leakage capacitance to shorten the response time
- Automatic and manual device self-test
- Alarm storage selectable
- Protection against manipulation by sealable transparent cover
- External control input for combined Test-/Reset-button
- 3 wide voltage input for auxiliary voltage
- Width 52.5 mm

Approvals and Markings



Applications

Insulation monitoring of:

- Non-earthed AC, DC, AC/DC networks
- UPS systems
- Networks with frequency inverters
- Battery networks
- Networks with direct current drives
- Hybrid and battery-powered vehicles
- Mobile generator sets

Function

The device is supplied with DC auxiliary voltage via terminals A1(+) / A2. Switching on the auxiliary voltage (Power-On) is followed by an internal self-test for 12 sec (see "Device test functions"). The test process is visible in the display. After this, measurement of the insulation resistance in the measuring circuits begins and the the colour of the backlight changes into green.

Measuring circuit

(Insulation measurement between terminals L(+)/L(-) and PE1/PE2) The insulation monitor RN 5897/010 can be operated either with or without coupling device. Max. mains voltage and connection diagrams have to be observed!

If the insulation monitor is operated without coupling device the terminals L(+) and L(-) have to be connected directly to the voltage system to be monitored. and the terminals VSG1/L(+) and VSG2/L(-) each have to be bridged (see also operation with coupling device).

A broken wire detection that can be disabled provides a fault signal if both terminals L(+) and L(-) are not linked by the connected network.

The type of network (AC, DC, 3NAC) has to be selected.

Also the terminals PE1 and PE2 have to be connected with 2 separate wires to the protective earth. An interruption of a wire also causes a fault signal (see section "Behavior on faulty connection"). The monitoring of the PE connection cannot be de-activated.

To measure the insulation resistance an active measuring voltage with changing polarity is connected between L(+)/L(-) and PE1/PE2.The momentary polarity of the measuring cycle is shown on the display by 2 curser segments ("MP+" for positive phase and "MP-" for negative phase). The duration of the positive and negative measuring phase depends on the setting of the max. leakage capacity ("C_E[µF]" in programming mode), the actual leakage capacity of the monitored system and in DC systems also on the level and duration of possible voltage variations. This allows a correct and fast measurement in different network conditions.

At the end of a measuring cycle the actual insulation resistance is produced and indicated. The actual value is shown on the display. The relays for alarm K1 and pre-alarm K2 switch when dropping under the adjusted response values. In addition the backlight of the display changes to orange color on pre-alarm or to red color on alarm. An asymmetric earth fault either to ",+" or ",-" is also indicated on the display (only in DC- systems, or with a fault on the DC-side of a system).

Manual reset of fault message

Using the display menu in programming mode, the manual reset function for insulation failures can be selected. If manual reset is activated the insulation fault signals of the measuring circuit are stored when dropping under the adjusted response values also if the insulation resistance goes back to healthy state. The minimum value is stored and can be shown on the display. Pressing the "Reset" button (2 s) on the front side, the alarm signal and the stored minimum value are reset if the actual insulation resistance is in healthy state.

Indicator relay for insulation fault signal

For the indicator relays K1 (contacts 11-12-14, for alarm) and K2 (contacts 21-22-24, for pre-alarm) the function can be set in programming mode to energized on trip or de-energized on trip when the insulation resistance drops below the adjusted response value.

The status of the indicator relays is shown on the display with the two cursor segments "K1" and "K2". When the relay is energized, the corresponding curser lights up.

Trigger output for insulation fault locating system

There is an additional trigger output for an insulation fault detection system on the insulation monitor RN 5897/010.

This trigger output (Y1-Y2) can be coupled with the trigger input Y1-Y2 of RR 5886 to initiate automatic fault location with the insulation fault locating system, consisting of RR 5886 and RR 5887. The trigger output is activated when the measuring value drops under the alarm response value (R_E < R_A). As long as it stays under the response value or an alarm is stored, the trigger output Y1-Y2 remains active.

Function

Broken wire detection

As described in section "Measuring circut", the measuring circuits L(+)/L(-)and the protective conductors PE1/PE2 are constantly monitored for wire breaks – not only at Power-On or a manual or occasional automatic test. The response time of monitoring is only a few seconds. Broken wire detection between L(+) and L(-) is performed via coupled alternating voltage. This alternating voltage is short-circuited if the terminals are connected to the connected mains at low-resistance. The device detects that the mains to be monitored is properly connected.

Since this broken wire detection is carried out with alternating voltage, large capacitances should be avoided between L(+) and L(-), since the capacitive reactance of these capacitances also short-circuits this alternating voltage. The device would no longer detect a connection fault on L(+)/L(-).

Especially parallel lines should be prevented over larger distances. If larger capacitances between L(+)/L(-) cannot be avoided or if the coupled alternating voltage interferes with the system, the broken wire detection can be de-activated using the display menu in programming mode. Monitoring deactivated, monitoring only during device test or continuous monitoring (every 2 minutes for 10 sec) are the possible options. If the broken wire detection on L(+)/L(-) is de-activated no AC voltage is injected. The broken wire detection on PE1/PE2 cannot be de-activated.

Device test functions

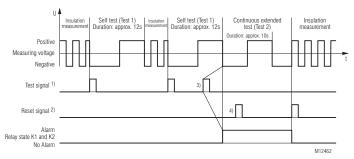
Principally, 2 different test functions are implemented: The "self-test" and the "expanded test":

The self-test of the device is performed automatically after Power-On and every full operating hours. It can also be triggered manually at any time by pressing the "Test" button at the device front for 2 sec.

With the self-test, contrary to the expanded test, the status of the Indicator relays is not affected; the sequence is as follows:

The display backlight colour changes into orange. For approx. 2 s all pixels and segments of the LCD are shown. After that the text "Test1" comes up and the measuring pulse is switched for approx. 5 s to negative test phase. The polarity of the test voltage is also indicated on the display by curser segments. Within these 5 s the internal measuring circuit is checked for failures. Then the measuring pulse is switched for approx. 5 s to positive test phase and more internal tests take place. If no failures turned up and had been recognized, the measurement continuous. The extended test procedure is started when during or at the end of the above described 12 s self-test the test button is pressed again for 2 s.

The sequence is similar to the self-test (2 measuring phases of 5 s each) but in addition the output relays go in alarm stated. The display shows "Test2". The extended test can be finished after the first complete sequence (approx. 10 sec) by pressing the "reset" button for 2 seconds. The device starts the insulation monitoring again.



 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1)}$ Test signal: Button Test > 2 s or X1/X2 < 3 s

- ²⁾ Reset signal: Button Reset > 2 s or X1/X2 > 3 s
- ³⁾ To initiate the extended test (Test 2) the test signal must be operated within the self test (Test 1) again.

⁴⁾ The reset signal has here no function, as the first complete sequence of extended test (Test 2) is not finished.

Function

Behaviour with internal device faults

If internal device faults were detected during the test function, the display backlight changes into red and an error messages (failure code: "Int.1") is indicated. The indicator relays K1 and K2 switch to the alarm state.

Behavior on faulty connection

When detecting broken wire on terminals L(+)/L(-), the measurement is disabled. The reaction time could be up to 2 min. The monitoring relays K1 and K2 go in alarm state, the backlight changes to red. The display shows the fault message "L+/L-". After removing the interruption the fault is automatically reset (max. reaction time up to 2 min) and the measurement of the insulation resistance is continued.

Stored alarm values remain stored. An interruption of the protective earth connections PE1/PE2 causes the same reaction as interrupting the measuring circuit, only the display shows "PE1-PE2".

External control input

To terminals X1/X2 an external combined Test-/Reset button can be connected. If the terminals X1/X2 are bridged for approx.. 1 s the test mode is started. This has the same function as pressing the internal test button. When bridging X1/X2 for > 3 s, a stored alarm will be reset. This has the same function as pressing the internal reset button.

Connection of an external coupling device

An external coupling device RP 5898/010 can be connected to extend the input voltage range of the monitored voltage system on RN 5897/010. The terminals with the same legend of the insulation monitor and the coupling device RL 5898 or RP 5898 (VSG1, VSG2, L(+), L(-)) are connected together. The network to be monitored is connected to terminals L1(+) und L2(-) on the coupling device. Using the display menu in programming mode the connection of the coupling device has to be selected and activated. The broken wire detection is active on the terminals L1(+)/L2(-) on the coupling device. A broken wire between coupling device and insulation monitor of 1 or 2 wires between coupling device and early response of the device.

Programming/setting of parameters/set-up of the insulation monitor

The response values for alarm and pre-alarm can be adjusted via 2 rotary switches ${}_{R_{A}}$ and ${}_{R_{pA}}$ on the front of the device. New setting are immediately active and do not require a restart of the unit. More settings can be done with the 3 buttons and the display menu in programming mode. To start the programming mode, the button "Set/ESC" has to be pressed for approx. 2 s. To avoid unauthorized manipulation, this button as well as the rotary switches ${}_{R_{A}}$ and ${}_{R_{pA}}$ are located behind a sealable transparent cover. When the device changes to programming mode, the measurement is stopped, the display back light changes to orange color and the first parameter is displayed. To scroll the different parameters, the button "Set/ESC" has to be pressed short. With the 2 scroll buttons (Scroll-Up "A" and Scroll-Down "V") the settings can be modified.

"The first parameter is the broken wire detection in the measuring circuit "BrWiD". Possible setting are continuously on ("on"), continuously off ("oFF") or only active during self-test. The default is "on".

The second parameter is alarm memory "Mem.". Here are 2 options available manual reset ("on") und auto reset ("oFF"). The default value is "oFF".

The third parameter is the relay operation principle "Rel." Settings are: de-energized on trip ("n.c.") and energized on trip ("n.o."). The default value is "n.c.".

The fourth parameter is the type of network connection "Net". Selection are AC Network(",Ac"),DC-Network (",dc") or 3NAC-Network (",3nAc"). The default value is ",Ac".

The fifth parameter ist the setting oft the maximum leakage capacity ("C_E[μ F]"). This can be adjusted to 30 μ F ("30"), 100 μ F ("100"), 300 μ F ("300") and 1000 μ F ("1000"). The default value is "30".

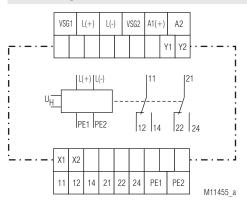
The device allow the connection of a coupling device, the sixth parameter activates ("on") or de-activates ("oFF") the coupling device.

The leave the programming mode the button "Set/ESC" has to be pressed for 2 s. The settings will be activated and stored permanently. After that the device makes a restart similar to power on.

Default-Setting of Parameters

Nr.	Parameter	Default-Set
1	Broken wire detect in measuring circuit "Broken Wire Detect"	on
2	Storing insulation fault message "Memory"	off
3	Switching mode of output relays "Relay"	n.c. (normally closed) de-energized on trip
4	Power supply type "Net"	AC
5	Max. line capacitance "CE[µF]"	30
6	Ext. coupling device "VSG"	off

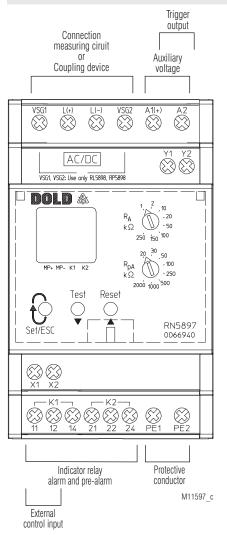
Circuit Diagram



Connection Terminals

Terminal designation	Signal description
A1(+), A2	Auxiliarx voltage AC or DC
L(+), L(-), VSG1, VSG2	Connection for measuring ciruit or Connection for coupling device
PE1, PE2	Connection for protective conductor
X1, X2	Control input (combined external Test- and Reset-input)
Y1, Y2	Alarm trigger output for insulation fault locating system
11, 12, 14	Alarm signal relay K1(1 changeover contact)
21, 22, 24	Prewarning signal relay K2 (1 changeover contact)

Indicators





Indicators

The colour of the backlight indicates the operating status of the device.

- Off: No auxiliary voltage connected
- Green: Normal operation (Insulation resistance in healthy state)

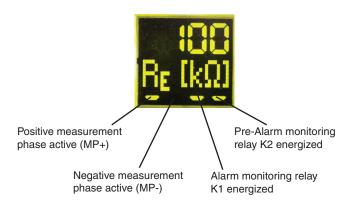
Red: Alarm (measured value below alarm response value, device failure, connection failure)

Orange: Warning (measured value below pre-alarm response value, test mode, Parameter set-up mode)

Actual value display

The actual insulation resistance ${}_{*}R_{_{E}} [k\Omega]^{*}$ is displayed. If the actual value is $R_{_{E}} < 10 \ k\Omega$, the value in kohm is displayed with 1 decimal place. With values 10 $k\Omega \leq R_{_{E}} < 500 \ k\Omega$ the display shows the value without decimal place, with values 500 $k\Omega \leq R_{_{E}} < 1 \ M\Omega$ the value is rounded to 10 $k\Omega$. Insulation resistance values 1 $M\Omega \leq R_{_{E}} < 2 \ M\Omega$ are displayed in MOhm with one decimal place. If the resistance is $R_{_{E}} > 2 \ M\Omega$ the display indicates ---- showing the value is higher the 2 $M\Omega$. In a DC Network an asymmetric insulation resistance to "+" or "-" is indicated by displaying "R_{_{E}}+[k\Omega]" or "R_{_{E}}-[k\Omega]"

By pressing the scroll buttons (Scroll-Up $_{\rm A}$ ⁴ und Scroll-Down $_{\rm V}$ ⁴) more measured values can be shown. Another value is the mains voltage on L(+)/L(-).This is indicated with $_{\rm V}$ U_N [V_{Ac}]⁴ or $_{\rm V}$ U_D [V_{DC}]⁴ in V depending on the type of network and voltage. If the unit is connected single pole to a 3NAC network the mains voltage cannot be measured. With this setting the voltage value is not displayed. When manual reset is selected, the display shows the minimum stored value of the resistance $_{\rm R}$ M [MΩ]⁴ or $_{\rm R}$ M [$_{\rm R}$ Ω]⁴ after the value dropped below the response value also when the value goes back to healthy state. The stored minimum value will only be reset when acknowledging the stored Alarm signal (with the reset button). Also the firmware version can be displayed.



Indicators

Display-Indication	Measuring- resp. display value		
 Βε (κΩ) Βε (ΜΩ)	Insulating resistance in k Ω resp. M Ω ("" complies RE \ge 2 M Ω)		
100 100 កូ៖(kល្) កូ៖(kល្)	Asymmetrical insulating resistance in $k\Omega$ against L+ or L- at DC-mains		
กิ ^ท เกิ ^{ชญิ} กที่เกิ _{ชญิ} 530 54	Measured mains voltage in V at AC- or DC-mains ("" indicates invalid voltage value or voltage < 5 V)		
<mark>Ο</mark> Ι ΒΜ ^[kΩ]	Stored min. insulating resistance in $k\Omega$ resp. $M\Omega$		
0000 Info	Latest firmware-version		

Error Indication						
Display-Indication	Failure cause	Failure recovery				
L+/L-	Broken wire detection on L(+)/L(-).	Check measuring circuit L(+) and L (-)				
PE1-PE2	Broken wire detection on PE1/PE2.	Check protective conductor connections PE1 and PE2				
Int. 1	Internal failure detected in test mode	Press test button again or restart the unit by interrupting the auxiliary supply temporarily. If the fault remains permanent, send device back to manufacturer for examination.				
Int. 2	Faulty calibration values detected in device memory.	Send device back to manufacturer for recalobration and examination.				

Display-Indication	Test function
8888	Display-Test
Test1	Selftesting (measuring switching, measuring voltage, internal tests)
Test2	Advanced Test (additional control of indicator relay)

Notes

Risk of electrocution!

Danger to life or risk of serious injuries.

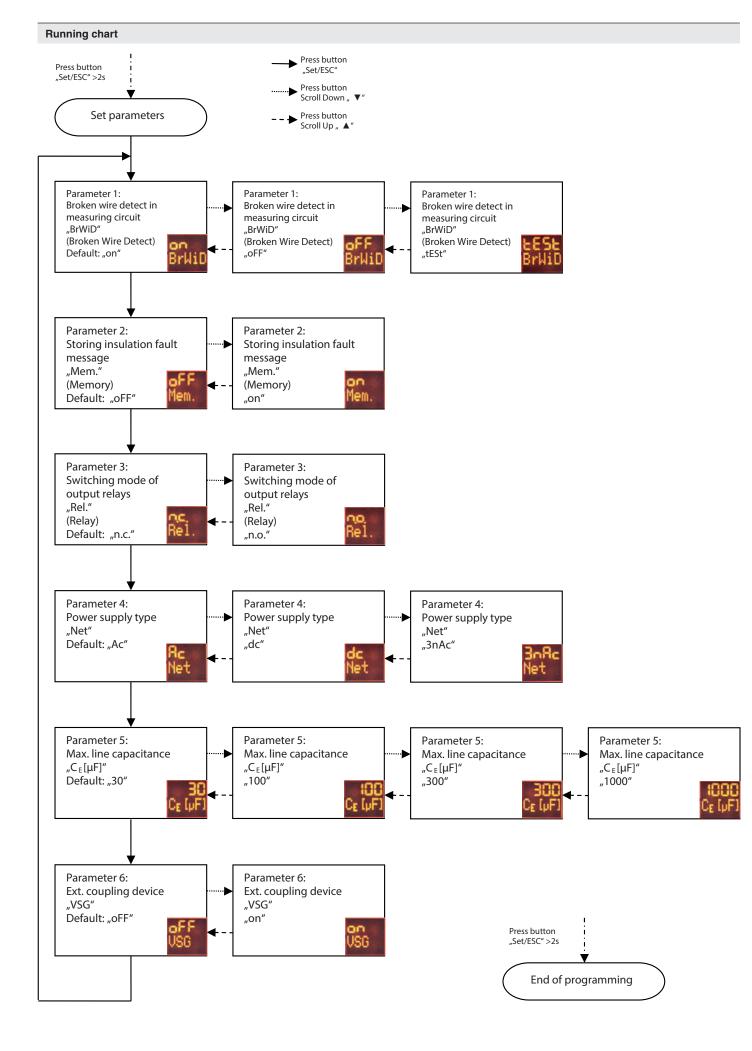
- Disconnect the system and device from the power supply and ensure they remain disconnected during electrical installation.
- The display of the voltage is not in real time. The Value on the display is updated at the end of a measuring cycle. Determine voltage free status by using appropriate instruments!
- The terminals of the control input X1 X2 have no galvanic separation to the measuring circuit L(+) L(-) and are electrically connected together, therefore they have to be controlled by volt free contacts or bridge. These contacts ore bridges must provide a sufficient separation depending on the mains voltage on L(+) L(-).
- Please do not connect external voltage to terminals X1/X2. The control must only be made by bridging X1 and X2.
- The coupling unit RL 5898 or RP 5898 must only be used in conjunction with the RP5897/010 on a voltage system and not just by itself.

() Attention!

- Before checking insulation and voltage, disconnect the monitoring device RN 5897 from the power source!
- In one voltage system only one insulation monitor can be used. This has to be observed when interconnecting two separate systems..
- Device terminals PE1 and PE2 must always be connected via separate lines to different terminal points of the protective-conductor system.
- The device must not be operated without PE1/PE2 connection!

Attention!

- The main measuring circuit can be connected with its terminals L(+) and L(-) both to the DC and also AC side of a mixed network; it is done most practically where the primary incoming power supply takes place e.g. with battery networks with connected inverters on the DC side, with Generators/Transformers with connected Rectifiers or inverters on the AC-side. To monitor a 3NAC system the device can be connected single pole, (L(+) and L(-) are bridged, to the neutral of the 3p4w system. The 3 phases have a low-ohmic (approx. $3-5\Omega$) connection via the transformer windings so also insulation failures of the not directly connected phases are detected. Via the display menu in programming mode the correct type of network needs to be selected (see "Connection Examples").
- If a monitored AC system includes galvanically connected DC circuits (e.g. via a rectifier), an insulation failure on the DC side can only be detected correctly, when a current of > 10 mA can flow via the semiconductor connections.
- If a monitored DC system includes galvanically connected AC circuits (e.g. via an inverter), an insulation failure on the AC side can only be detected correctly, when a current of > 10 mA can flow via the semiconductor connections.
- The measuring circuit of the RN 5897/010 are designed for leakage capacities up to 1000 μ F. The measurement of the insulation resistance will not be influenced but for the measuring phases longer time periods are necessary as with smaller capacities. If the max. possible leakage capacity is known, the device can be adjusted to the required lower level, which will reduce the response time and measurement time.
- The trigger output Y1/Y2 at RN 5897/010 is galvanic separated from the rest of the circuit. It determined to be connected to a DOLD insulation fault location system RR5886 and RR5887. Please do not connect external voltages.



Technical Data

Measuring ciruit L(+)/L(-) to PE1/PE2 (without coupling device)

Nominal voltage U _N : Max. voltage range U _N :	AC / DC 0 230 V AC 0 250 V DC 0 300 V
Frequency range:	DC or 16 1000 Hz
Max. line capacitance:	1000 μF
Internal resistance (AC / DC):	> 90 kΩ
Measuring voltage:	Approx. ± 90 V
Max. mesured current $(R_{e} = 0)$:	: < 1.10 mA
	$\pm 15 \% \pm 1.5 \text{ k}\Omega$ IEC 61557-8
Response value hysteresis:	Approx. + 25 %; min. + 1 kΩ
On delay	
at C _e = 1µF,	
$R_{_{E}}$ of ∞ to 0.5 * response value:	< 30 s
Measuring time:	
at C _E = 1 … 1000 μF,	
R_{E} from ∞ to 1000 k Ω ,	
R_{E} from ∞ to 100 k Ω ,	
R_{E} from ∞ to 1 k Ω :	See characteristics

Response values

Pre-warn	ing ("F	R _{pA} "):						
kΩ:	20	30	50	100	250	500	1000	2000
Alarm ("R _A ")								
kΩ:	1	2	10	20	50	100	150	250

Each adjustable via rotational switches

Response value broken wire detection L(+)/L(-):

wire detection L(+)/L(-): Response value broken	> Approx. 90 k Ω
wire detection PE1/PE2:	> Approx. 0.5 k Ω

Meas. ciruit L1(+)/L2(-) to PE1/PE2 (with coupling device RL / RP 5898)

	RL 5898	RP 5898
Nominal voltage U _N :	AC 0 400 V	AC 0 690 V
Ŭ N	DC 0 500 V	DC 0 1000 V
Max. max. voltage range $U_{_N}$:	AC 0 440 V DC 0 550 V	AC 0 760 V DC 0 1100 V
Frequency range: Max. line capacitance: Internal resistance (AC / DC): Meas voltage: Max. mesured current (R _e = 0):	Approx. \pm 90 V	
Response inaccuracy:	\pm 15 % \pm 1.5 k Ω	IEC 61557-8
Response value hysteresis:		+ 1 kΩ
On delay		
at C₌ = 1µF,		
	< 30 s	
Measuring time:		
at C _F = 1 1000 μF,		
$R_{\rm F}$ from ∞ to 1000 k Ω ,		
R _∈ [−] from ∞ to 100 kΩ,		
R_{E}^{-} from ∞ to 1 k Ω :	See characteristics	
Response values		
Pre-warning (B., "):		

Pre-warn	ing ("F	1 _{pA}):						
kΩ:	20	30	50	100	250	500	1000	2000
Alarm ("R _A ")								
kΩ:	1	2	10	20	50	100	150	250

Each adjustable via rotational switches

Response value broken

wire detection L1(+)/L2(-):	> Approx. 500 kΩ
Response value broken	
wire detection PE1/PE2:	> Approx. 0.5 kΩ
Max. wire length	
between insulation monitor	
and coupling device:	< 0.5 m

Auxiliary voltage input A1(+)/A2

Nom. Voltage	Voltage range	Frequency range				
AC/DC 24 60 V	AC 19 68 V	45 400 Hz; DC 48 % W*)				
AC/DC 24 00 V	DC 16 96 V	W*) ≤ 5 %				
AC/DC 85 230 V	AC 68 276 V	45 400 Hz; DC 48 % W*)				
AC/DC 85 230 V	DC 67 300 V	W*) ≤ 5 %				
DC 12 24 V	DC 9.6 30 V	W*) ≤ 5 %				
*) M(Demoithed and ideal airside of equilibrium equil						

*) W = Permitted residual ripple of auxiliary supply

Technical Data

Nominal consumption:		
DC 12 V, 24 V, 48 V:	Max. 3 W	
AC 230 V:	Max. 3.5 VA	

Control input X1/X2 for combinied external Test-/Reset-Taste

Current flow: Approx. 3 mA No-load operation voltage X1 to X2: Approx. 12 V Permissible wire length: < 50 m Activation time for test signal: Approx. 1 s Activation time for reset signal: > 3 s

Outputs

Indicator contact: Thermal current I _{th} : Switching capacity	2 x 1 changeover cor and Pre-Alarm (K2) energized or de-ener (programmable) 4 A	
to AC 15: NO contact: NC contact: To DC 13: Electrical life	5 A / AC 230 V 2 A / AC 230 V 2 A / DC 24 V	IEC/EN 60947-5-1 IEC/EN 60947-5-1 IEC/EN 60947-5-1
at 5 A, AC 230 V: Short circuit strength	1 x 10 ⁵ switching cyc	les
max. fuse rating: Mechanical life:	4 A gG / gL 50 x 10 ⁶ switching cy	IEC/EN 60947-5-1 cles
General Data		
Operating mode: Temperature range Operation:	Continuous operation - 30 + 60 °C (at range 0 30 °C function of the LCD of	C limited
Storage:	- 30 + 70 °C	
Altitude: Clearance and creepage	≤ 2000 m	IEC 60664-1
distances Rated insulation voltage: Overvoltage category: Rated impuls voltage /	300 V III	
pollution degree: Measuring circuit L(+)/L(-) to auxiliary voltage A1(+)/A2 and indicator relay contacts K1, K2	and	IEC 60664-1
trigger output Y1/Y2: Auxiliary voltage A1(+)/A2 to indicator relay contacts K1, K2	4 kV / 2 and	
trigger output Y1/Y2: Indicator relay contact K1 to indicator relay contacts K2:	4 kV / 2 4 kV / 2	
Trigger output Y1/Y2 to indicator relay contacts K1, K2: Insulation test voltage	: 4 kV / 2	
Routine test:	AC 2.5 kV; 1 s	
EMC Electrostatic discharge (ESD): HF irradiation:	8 kV (air)	IEC/EN 61326-2-4 IEC/EN 61000-4-2
80 MHz 1 GHz: 1 GHz 2.7 GHz: Fast transients: Surge voltage between	20 V / m 10 V / m 2 kV	IEC/EN 61000-4-3 IEC/EN 61000-4-3 IEC/EN 61000-4-4
wires for power supply: Between wire and ground: HF-wire guided: Interference suppression:	1 kV 2 kV 20 V Limit value classe B	IEC/EN 61000-4-5 IEC/EN 61000-4-5 IEC/EN 61000-4-6 EN 55011
Degree of protection Housing:	IP 30 (not sealed)	IEC/EN 60529
	IP 40 (sealed with seal wire 50/30) The unit must be	IEC/EN 60529
Terminals: Housing:	disconnected from th power supply before the seal is applied IP 20 Thermpolastic with V according to UL subj	IEC/EN 60529 0 behaviour

Technical Data			Standard Types	
Vibration resistance:		Hz, IEC/EN 60068-2-6 Hz, 13.2 100 Hz,	RN 5897.12/010/61 Article number: • Auxiliary voltage:	DC 12 24 V 0067251 DC 12 24 V
Shock resistance: Climate resistance: Terminal designation:	istance: 10 gn / 11 ms, 3 pulses IEC/EN 60068-2-27 esistance: 30 / 060 / 04 IEC/EN 60068-1 designation: EN 50005 nection DIN 46228-1/-2/-3/-4		RN 5897.12/010/61 Article number: • Auxiliary voltage:	AC/DC 24 60 V 0066940 AC/DC 24 60 V
Wire connection Cross section:			RN 5897.12/010/61 Article number: • Auxiliary voltage:	AC/DC 85 230 V 0066941 AC/DC 85 230 V
Stripping length:	0.5 2.5 mm ² (AV stranded wire with		Outputs:Setting range pre-warnir	1 changeover contact for pre-warning 1 changeover contact for alarm
Wire fixing: Fixing torque: Mounting:				1 k Ω 250 k Ω ion fault locating system
Weight: Dimensions	Approx. 205 g		 With connection facility of Adjustable line capacitar Energized or de-energized 	
Width x height x depth:	52.2 x 90 x 71 mm	1	Selection of type of netwWidth:	vork 52.5 mm
Classification to DIN EN 50155		Ordering Example for variants		
shock resistance: Category 1, Class B IEC/EN 61373 Service temperature classes: OT1 compliant Protective coating of the PCB: No				
UL-Data Meas. ciruit L1(+)/L2(-) to P		device RL / RP 5898)		Setting range Pre-warning Setting range alarm Auxiliary voltage UL approval Variant, if required
UL-Data Meas. ciruit L1(+)/L2(-) to P	E1/PE2 (with coupling RL 5898	RP 5898		Auxiliary voltage UL approval Variant, if required Contacts
UL-Data Meas. ciruit L1(+)/L2(-) to P	E1/PE2 (with coupling	-		Letting range alarm Auxiliary voltage UL approval Variant, if required
UL-Data	E1/PE2 (with coupling RL 5898 AC 0 400 V	RP 5898 AC 0 600 V DC 0 600 V	RN 5897.12/060:	Setting range alarm Auxiliary voltage UL approval Variant, if required Contacts Type With disable the measuring function Using the external control input X1/X2 th
UL-Data Meas. ciruit L1(+)/L2(-) to Pl Max. voltage range U _N : Output voltage at	E1/PE2 (with coupling RL 5898 AC 0 400 V DC 0 500 V	RP 5898 AC 0 600 V DC 0 600 V	RN 5897.12/060:	Setting range alarm Auxiliary voltage UL approval Variant, if required Contacts Type With disable the measuring function Using the external control input X1/X2 th measuring function of the RN 5897/060 can be disabled. This could be used whe several isolated voltage systems with individual insulation monitors need to be
UL-Data Meas. ciruit L1(+)/L2(-) to Pl Max. voltage range U_N : Output voltage at L(+)/L(-), VSG1/VSG2:	E1/PE2 (with coupling RL 5898 AC 0 400 V DC 0 500 V Max. AC / DC 230 Pilot duty C300, R: 5A 250Vac 2A 30Vdc	RP 5898 AC 0 600 V DC 0 600 V	RN 5897.12/060:	Setting range alarm Auxiliary voltage UL approval Variant, if required Contacts Type With disable the measuring function Using the external control input X1/X2 th measuring function of the RN 5897/060 can be disabled. This could be used whe several isolated voltage systems with individual insulation monitors need to be coupled. The measuring voltage is set to -90 V (negative measuring phase) and the
UL-Data Meas. ciruit L1(+)/L2(-) to Pl Max. voltage range U _N : Output voltage at L(+)/L(-), VSG1/VSG2: Switching capacity:	E1/PE2 (with coupling RL 5898 AC 0 400 V DC 0 500 V Max. AC / DC 230 Pilot duty C300, R 5A 250Vac 2A 30Vdc 60 °C / 75 °C copp	RP 5898 AC 0 600 V DC 0 600 V V 300 ber conductors only 5 th Edition 1, 3 rd Edition No. 60947-1-13,	RN 5897.12/060:	Setting range alarm Auxiliary voltage UL approval Variant, if required Contacts Type With disable the measuring function Using the external control input X1/X2 th measuring function of the RN 5897/060 can be disabled. This could be used whe several isolated voltage systems with individual insulation monitors need to be coupled. The measuring voltage is set to -90 V (negative measuring phase) and the evaluation of the measurement is stopped. The status of the output relays i frozen and not changed any more. If the measurement is disabled the colour of th display changes to orange and the text "Stop!" is displayed. Please be aware, only the evaluation of
UL-Data Meas. ciruit L1(+)/L2(-) to Pl Max. voltage range U _N : Output voltage at L(+)/L(-), VSG1/VSG2: Switching capacity: Wire connection: Test specification:	E1/PE2 (with coupling RL 5898 AC 0 400 V DC 0 500 V Max. AC / DC 230 Pilot duty C300, R: 5A 250Vac 2A 30Vdc 60 °C / 75 °C copp Torque 0.5 Nm ANSI/UL 60947-1, ANSI/UL 60947-5- CAN/CSA-C22.2 N 2 nd Edition CAN/CSA-C22.2 N 1 st Edition	RP 5898 AC 0 600 V DC 0 600 V V 300 ber conductors only 5 th Edition 1, 3 rd Edition No. 60947-1-13,	RN 5897.12/060:	Setting range alarm Auxiliary voltage UL approval Variant, if required Contacts Type With disable the measuring function Using the external control input X1/X2 th measuring function of the RN 5897/060 can be disabled. This could be used whe several isolated voltage systems with individual insulation monitors need to be coupled. The measuring voltage is set to -90 V (negative measuring phase) and the evaluation of the measurement is stopped. The status of the output relays i frozen and not changed any more. If the measurement is disabled the colour of th display changes to orange and the text "Stop!" is displayed.

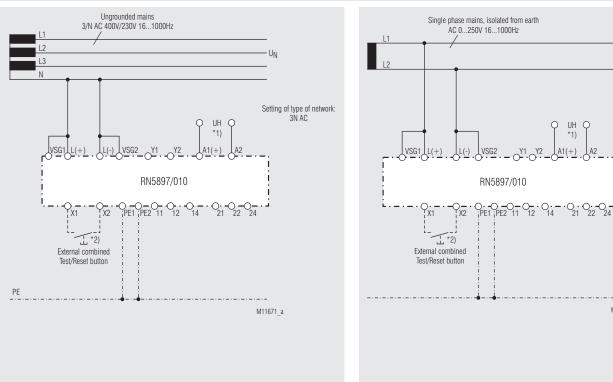
Switching capacity To AC 15 NO contact: NC contact:

3 A / AC 230 V 1 A / AC 230 V



Technical data that is not stated in the CCC-Data, can be found in the technical data section.

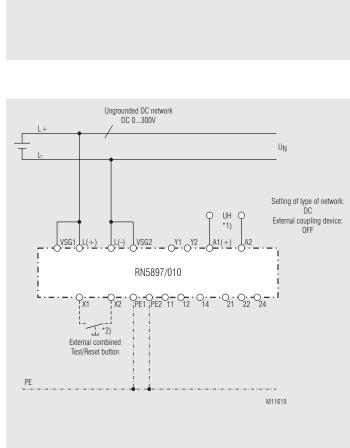
Connection Example



- U_N

Setting of type of network: AC

External coupling device: ON



UN

M11617

UH *1) Q

A1(+)

Ç

Setting of type of network:

AC

External coupling device:

0FF

*1) Auxiliary voltage $U_{_{H}}$ (A1(+)/A2) can also be sourced from the monitored voltage system. The voltage range of the auxiliary supply has to be taken into account.

UH *1) Q

> A1(+) A2

> > $O_{21} - O_{22} - O_{24}$

M11625_a

*2) Control input X1/X2 for external combined Test-/Reset-button:

• Control approx. 1 s: Test function

Ungrounded mains RL5898: 3 AC 0...440V 16...1000Hz RP5898: 3 AC 0...760V 16...1000Hz

L2(-)

RN5897/010

D-0-0-1

.1(+)

RL5898

RP5898

VSG1 L(+) L(-) VSG2

/SG1|L(+)|L(-)|VSG2

x2

:PF1

X1

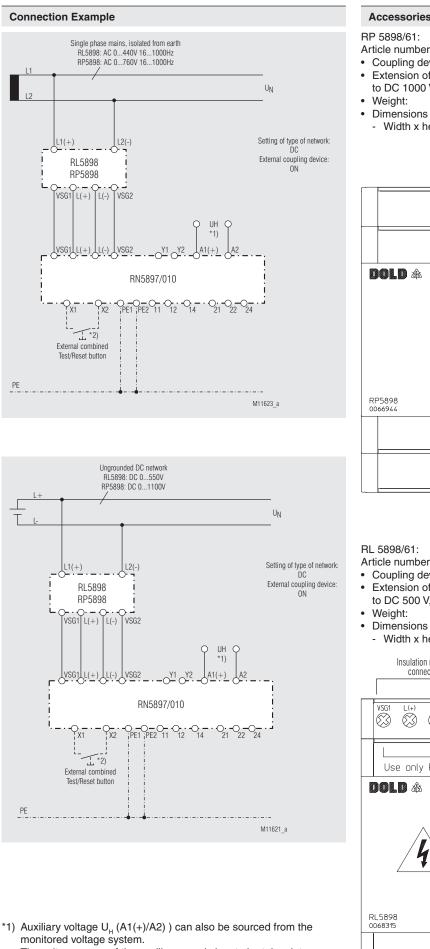
PE

External combined

Test/Reset button

• Control > 3 s: Reset function

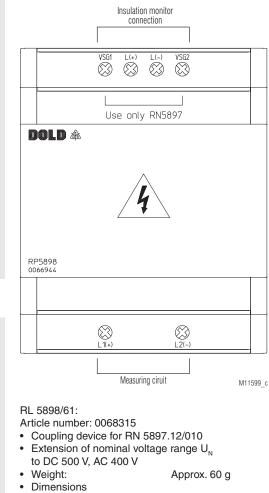
10



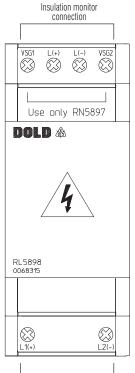
Accessories

- Article number: 0066944
- Coupling device for RN 5897.12/010
- Extension of nominal voltage range U_N to DC 1000 V, AC 690 V
 - Approx. 110 g

Width x height x depth: 70 x 90 x 71 mm



Width x height x depth: 35 x 90 x 71 mm

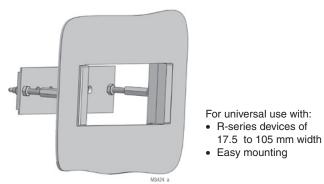


Measuring ciruit M12054_c

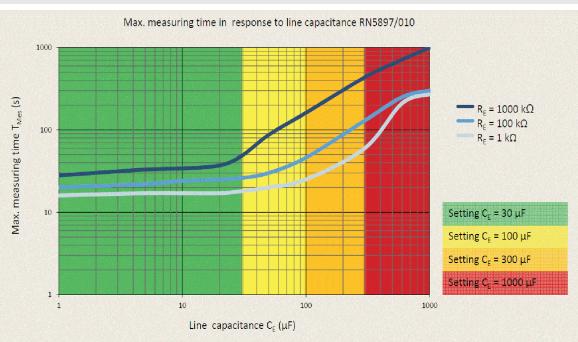
- The voltage range of the auxiliary supply has to be taken into account.
- *2) Control input X1/X2 for external combined Test-/Reset-button: Control approx. 1 s: Test function
 - Control > 3 s: **Reset function**

Accessories

Flush mounting kit Order reference: KU 4087-150/0056598







M11605

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