Monitoring Technique

VARIMETER Current Relay BA 9053

Translation of the original instructions

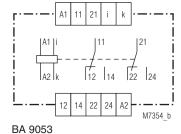


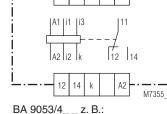


Product Description

The current relay BA 9053 of the VARIMETER series monitors single phase DC or AC voltage systems. The adjustment is made via potentiometers on the front of the device. Early recognition and preventive maintenance avoid interruptions of electrical plants and provides a higher operational and plant safety.

Circuit Diagrams





Terminals i1/k: 0.1 ... 1 A
Terminals i2/k: 0.5 ... 5 A
Terminals i3/k: 1 ... 10 A

Connection Terminals

Terminal designation	Signal description	
A1, A2	Auxiliary voltage	
i, k	Current measuring input	
11, 12, 14 1st changeover contact		
21, 22, 24	2nd changeover contact	

Your Advantages

- Preventive maintenance
- For better productivity
- · Quicker fault locating
- Precise and reliable

Features

- According to IEC/EN 60255-1, IEC/EN 60947-1
- To: Monitor DC and AC
- Measuring ranges from 2 mA to 25 A
- Optionally with 3 measuring ranges 0.1 up to 25 A
- · High overload possible
- Input frequency up to 5 kHz
- · Galvanic separation between auxiliary circuit measuring ciruit
- Auxiliary supply AC and AC/DC
- Optionally with start-up delay
- With time delay, up to max. 100 sec
- Optionally with safe separation to IEC/EN 61140 (on request)
- · As option with manual reset
- Option with fixed settings possible
- · LED indicators for operation and contact position
- Width: 45 mm

Approvals and Markings



1) Approval not for all variants

Applications

- Monitoring current in AC or DC systems
- For industrial and railway applications

Function

The relays measure the arithmetic mean value of the rectified measuring current. The AC units are adjusted to the r.m.s value. They have settings for response value and hysteresis. The units work as overcurrent relays but can also be used for undercurrent detection. The hysteresis is dependent on the response value.

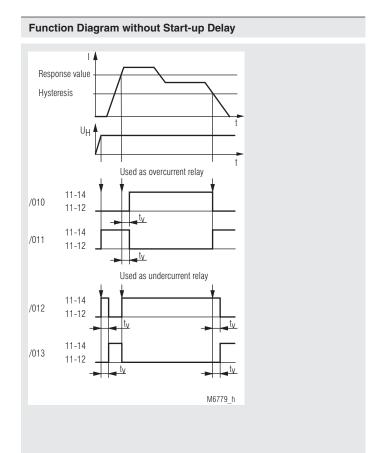
2 time delays are possible in different variants:

The start up delay t_a operates only when connecting the auxiliary supply. It disables tripping e.g. caused by an increased starting current of a motor. The response delay t_v is active after exceeding a response value. On overcurrent relays the delay is active when the current goes over the tripping value, on undercurrent relays when the current drops below the hysteresis value.

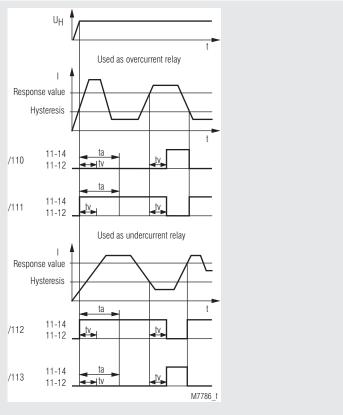
Indicators

Green LED: On, when auxiliary supply connected

Yellow LED: On, when output relay acitvated



Function Diagram with Start-up Delay



On model BA 9053/6_ with manual reset the contacts remain in the fault state after detecting a fault or after to has elapsed. The contacts are reset by disconnecting the supply voltage.

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Technical Data

Input (i, k)

BA 9053 for AC and DC				
DA 9055 101	AC allu DC		Τ	Υ
Measur	ing range ¹⁾	RM	Max. perm. cont.	
		(internal	(internal current	May parming
AC	DC	measu- ring resistor (shunt)	Device mounted without distance	Max. permiss. current 3 s On, 100 s Off
2 - 20 mA	1.8 - 18 mA	1.5 Ω	0.7 A	1 A
20 - 200 mA	18 - 180 mA	0.15 Ω	2 A	4 A
30 - 300 mA	27 - 270 mA	0.1 Ω	2.5 A	8 A
50 - 500 mA	45 - 450 mA	0.1 Ω	2.5 A	8 A
80 - 800 mA	72 - 720 mA	40 mΩ	4 A	12 A
0.1- 1 A	0.09 - 0.9 A	30 mΩ	4 A	12 A
0.5- 5 A	0.45 - 4.5 A	6 mΩ	10 A	30 A
1 - 10 A	0.9 - 9 A	$3~\text{m}\Omega$	20 A	40 A
1.5- 15 A	1.35 - 13.5 A	$3~\text{m}\Omega$	25 A	40 A
2 - 20 A	1.8 - 18 A	3 mΩ	25 A	40 A
2.5 - 25 A	2.25 - 22.5 A	3 mΩ	25 A	40 A

1) DC or AC current 50 ... 5000 Hz

(other frequency ranges of 10 ... 5000 Hz, e.g. 16 $^2/_3$ Hz on request)

BA 9053/4 with 3 measuring ranges:			
Range:	Terminals i1/k	Terminals i2/k	Terminals i3/k
AC 20 mA /	AC 2.0 20 mA	AC 20 200 mA	AC 0.1 1 A
200 mA / 1A:	DC 1.8 18 mA	DC 18 180 mA	DC 0.09 0.9 A
AC 1 / 5 / 10A:	AC 0.1 1 A	AC 0.5 5 A	AC 1.0 10 A
AC 1/5/10A:	DC 0.09 0.9 A	DC 0.45 4.5 A	DC 0.9 9 A
AC 5 / 10 / 25A:	AC 0.5 5 A	AC 1.0 10 A	AC 2.5 25 A
AC 57 107 25A.	DC 0.45 4.5 A	DC 0.9 9 A	DC 2.25 22.5 A

Extending of measuring

range:

For DC currents exceeding the largest measuring range, the measuring range 15 ... 150 mV or 6 ... 60 mV of the BA 9054 and MK 9054N can be used with external shunt.

For AC current exceeding the largest measuring range a current transformer can be used. For Example with secondary winding of 1 A or 5 A. The nominal load of the CT should be ≥ 0.5 VA.

Measuring principle: Arithmetic mean value

Adjustment:

The AC-devices can also monitor DC current. The scale offset in this case is:

 $(\overline{I} = 0.90 I_{eff})$

< 0.05 % / K Temperature influence:

Technical Data

Setting Ranges

Setting

Infinite variable 0.1 I_N ... 1 I_N Response value:

relative scale

Hysteresis

At AC: Infinite variable 0.5 ... 0.98 of setting value At DC: Infinite variable 0.5 ... 0.96 of setting value

Accuracy:

Response value at

Potentiometer right stop (max): 0 + 8 % Potentiometer left stop (min): - 10 + 8%

Repeat accuracy

(constant parameter): \leq ± 0.5 %

Recovery time

At devices with manual reset (Reset by braking of the auxiliary voltage)

BA 9053/6_ _: ≤ 1 s

(dependent to function and auxiliary voltage)

Infinite variable at logarythmic scale from 0 ... 20 s, 0 ... 30 s, 0 ... 60 s, 0 ... 100 s

setting 0 s = without time delay

Start-up delay t_s:

Time delay t_v:

BA 9053/1 _ _: 1 ... 20 s; 1 ... 60 s; 1 ... 100 s,

adjustable on logarithmic scale. t is started when the supply voltage is connected. During elapse of time the output contact is in good state

Auxiliary voltage U_H (A1, A2)

Nominal voltage	Voltage range	Frequency range	
AC/DC 24 80 V	AC 18 100 V	45 400 Hz; DC 48 % W	
AC/DC 24 80 V	DC 18 130 V	W ≤ 5 %	
AC/DC 80 230 V	AC 40 265 V	45 400 Hz; DC 48 % W	
AC/DC 80 230 V	DC 40 300 V	W ≤ 5 %	

Nominal voltage	Voltage range	Frequency range	
DC 12 V	DC 10 18 V	Batteriespannung	

Nominal consumption: 4 VA; 1.5 W at AC 230 V Rel. energized

1 W at DC 80 V Rel. energized

BA 9053 Auxiliary voltage U_H (A1, A2) for mono voltages

Nominal voltage: AC 24, 42, 110, 127, 230, 400 V

Voltage range: 0.8 ... 1.1 U_H 50 / 60 Hz Nominal frequency: Frequency range: ±5% Nominal consumption: 2.5 VA

Output

Contacts: 2 changeover contacts

Thermal current I,: 2 x 5 A

Switching capacity

to AC 15:

NO contact: 2 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60947-5-1 NC contact: 1 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60947-5-1 to DC 13: 1 A / DC 24 V IEC/EN 60947-5-1

Electrical life

at 3 A, AC 230 V $\cos \varphi = 1$:

Short-circuit strength

IEC/EN 60947-5-1 max. fuse rating: 6 A gG/gL

2 x 105 switching cycles

Mechanical life: 30 x 106 switching cycles

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Technical Data

General Data

Operating mode: Continuous operation

Temperature range

Operation:

≤ 10 A: - 40 ... + 60°C - 40 ... + 50°C ≥ 15 A:

(higher temperature with limitations

on request) - 40 ... + 70°C

Storage: ≤ 2000 m Altitude:

Clearance and creepage distances

Rated impulse voltage / pollution degree Measuring range ≤ 10 A:

Aux. voltage / measuring input: 6 kV / 2 IEC 60664-1 Auxiliary voltage / contacts: IEC 60664-1 6 kV / 2 Measuring input / contacts: 6 kV / 2 IEC 60664-1 Contacts 11,12,14 / 21, 22, 24: 4 kV / 2 IEC 60664-1 IEC 60664-1 Measuring range ≥ 15 A: 4 kV / 2

Electrostatic discharge: IEC/EN 61000-4-2 8 kV (air)

HF irradiation

80 MHz ... 1 GHz: 20 V/m IEC/EN 61000-4-3 IEC/EN 61000-4-3 1 GHz ... 2.7 GHz: 10 V/m Fast transients: 4 kV IEC/EN 61000-4-4

Surge voltages

Between

IEC/EN 61000-4-5 wires for power supply: 2 kV Between wire and ground: 4 kV IEC/EN 61000-4-5 HF wire guided: IEC/EN 61000-4-6 10 V Interference suppression: Limit value class B EN 55011 Degree of protection

IP 40 Housing: IEC/EN 60529 Terminals: IEC/EN 60529 Thermoplastic with V0 behaviour

Housing:

according to UL subject 94

Vibration resistance: Amplitude 0.35 mm IEC/EN 60068-2-6

frequency 10 ... 55 Hz

Climate resistance

40 / 060 / 04 ≤ 10 A: IEC/EN 60068-1 ≥ 15 A: 40 / 050 / 04 IEC/EN 60068-1 EN 50005

Terminal designation:

Wire connection: 2 x 2.5 mm² solid or

2 x 1.5 mm² stranded wire with sleeve Wire fixing: Plus-minus terminal screws M3.5 with self-lifting clamping piece IEC/EN 60999-1

Stripping length: 10 mm

Fixing torque: 0.8 Nm

IEC/EN 60715 Mounting: DIN-rail

Weight

280 g AC-device: AC/DC-device: 200 g

Dimensions

Width x height x depth: 45 x 75 x 120 mm

Classification to DIN EN 50155 for BA 9053

Vibration and

shock resistance: Category 1, Class B IEC/EN 61373

Ambient temperature: OT1, OT2 compliant

OT3 and OT4 with operational limitations

Protective coating of the PCB: No

UL-Data

Auxiliary voltage U,(A1, A2): AC 120 V 2 x 5 A

Thermal current I,: Clearance and

creepage distances: 4 kV / 2 IEC 60664-1

HF irradiation

(80 MHz ... 2.7 GHz) 10 V/m IEC/EN 61000-4-3

Switching capacity: Pilot duty B150 Ambient temperature: - 40 ... + 60°C

Technical data that is not stated in the UL-Data, can be found

in the technical data section.

CCC-Data

nfo

Thermal current I,: 5 A

Switching capacity

2 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1 to AC 15: to DC 13: 1 A / DC 24 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1



Technical data that is not stated in the CCC-Data, can be found in the technical data section.

Standard Type

BA 9053/010 AC 1.5 ... 15 A AC/DC 80 ... 230 V

Article number: 0057178

For Overcurrent monitoring

Measuring range: AC 1.5 ... 15 A Auxiliary voltage U_H: AC/DC 80 ... 230 V

Time delay by I_{an}: 0 ... 20 s Width: 45 mm

BA 9053/012 AC 1.5 ... 15 A AC/DC 80 ... 230 V 0061256

Article number:

For Undercurrent monitoring

Measuring range:

AC 1.5 ... 15 A AC/DC 80 ... 230 V Auxiliary voltage U_H:

Time delay by Iab: 0 ... 20 s Width: 45 mm

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Ordering Example for Variants BA 9053 / /61 AC 1 ... 10 A AC 24 V 0 ... 20 s 1 ... 20 s Start up delay t_a Time delay t Auxiliary voltage Measuring range With UL-approval 10 Overcurrent relay energized on trip time delay at setting value Overcurrent relay de-energized on trip time delay at setting value Undercurrent relay de-energized on trip time delay at hysteresis value Undercurrent relay energized on trip time delay at hysteresis value Standard version 0 With start up delay ta 130 Overcurrent relay energized on trip time delay at setting value with start up delay t safe separation up to 10 A . With safe electrical separation of input- and output circuit accroding to DIN 61140 (on requ.) Meas. range up to \leq 10 A: DIN EN 60947-1; 4 kV/2 in relation of overvoltage category III with basic insulation to DIN EN 60664-1 of 4 kV; Meas. range up to \geq 15 A: overvoltage category II with basic insulation

of 2.5 kV

Type

With 3 current ranges
 1 C/O contact
 With 3 current ranges
 1 C/O contact,
 with safe separation
 up to 10 A
 With manual reset,
 resetting by
 disconnecting the
 power supply

Setting

Example:

Current relay AC 0.5 ... 5 A

AC according to type plate: i.e. the unit is calibrated for AC 0.5 ... 5 A = measuring range

Response value AC 3 A Hysteresis AC 1.5 A

Settings

Upper potentiometer: $0.6 \quad (0.6 \times 5 \text{ A} = 3 \text{ A})$ Lower potentiometer: $0.5 \quad (0.5 \times 3 \text{ A} = 1.5 \text{ A})$

The AC - devices can also monitor DC current. The scale offset in this case is: \overline{I} = 0.90 x I_{eff}

AC 0.5 ... 5 A is equivalent to DC 0.45 ... 4.5 A

Response value DC 3 A Hysteresis DC 1.5 A

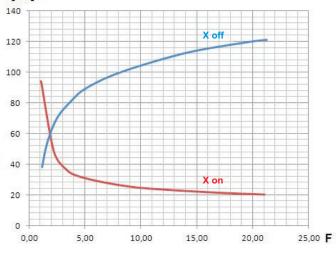
Settings

Upper potentiometer: $0.66 \quad (0.66 \times 4.5 \text{ A} = 3 \text{ A})$ Lower potentiometer: $0.5 \quad (0.5 \times 3 \text{ A} = 1.5 \text{ A})$

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Characteristic





Time delay of measuring circuit

X on: Measured value rise
$$F = \frac{\text{Measured value (after rise of measured value)}}{\text{Setting value}}$$

X off: Measured value drops
$$F = \frac{\text{Mesaured value (befor measured value drops)}}{\text{Setting value (hysteresis)}}$$

The diagram shows the typical delay of a standard devices depending on the measured values "X on and X off" at sudden rise or drop of the signal. At slow change of the measured value the delay is shorter.

The total reaction time of the device results from the adjustable delay $\rm t_{v}$ and the delay created by the measuring circuit.

The diagram shows an average delay. The delay times could differ on the different variants.

Example for "X on" (overcurrent detection with BA9053/010):

Adjusted setting value X on = 2 A.

Due to a stalled motor the current rises suddenly to 10 A.

$$F = \frac{\text{Measured value (after rise of measured value)}}{\text{Setting value}} = \frac{10 \text{ A}}{2 \text{ A}} = 5$$

Reading from the diagram:

The output relay switches on after 31 ms at a setting t =0.

Example for "X off" (undercurrent detection with BA9053/012):

Adjusted hysteresis setting value is 10 A.

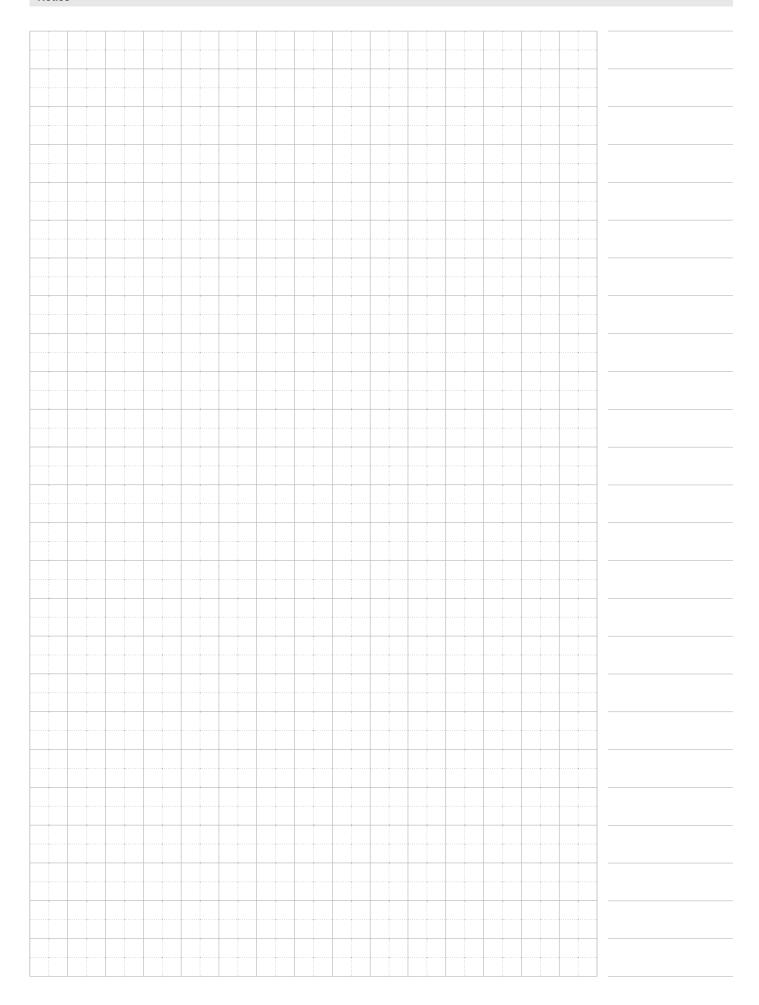
The current drops suddenly from 23 A to 0 A.

$$F = \frac{\text{Mesaured value (befor measured value drops)}}{\text{Setting value (hysteresis)}} = \frac{23 \text{ A}}{10 \text{ A}} = 2.3$$

Reading from the diagram:

The output relay switches off after 70 ms at a setting t_v =0.

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