Monitoring Technique

VARIMETER Voltage Relay BA 9054

Translation of the original instructions

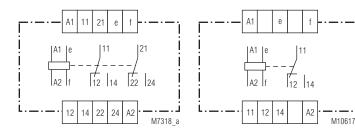




Product Description

The voltage relay BA 9054 of the VARIMETER series monitors single phase DC or AC voltage systems. The adjustment is made via potentiometers on the front of the device. Early recognition and preventive maintenance avoid interruptions of electrical plants and provides a higher operational and plant safety.

Circuit Diagrams



BA 9054 BA 9054/_ 2 _

Connection 1	Terminals
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Terminal designation	Signal description
A1, A2	Auxiliary voltage
e, f	Voltage measuring input
11, 12, 14	1st changeover contact
21, 22, 24	2nd changeover contact

Your Advantages

- · Protection against defect by overvoltage
- Preventive maintenance
- · For better productivity
- Quicker fault locating
- Precise and reliable

Features

- According to IEC/EN 60255-1, IEC/EN 60947-1
- To: monitor DC and AC
- With measuring ranges from 15 mV to 1000 V
- · High overload possible
- Input frequency up to 5 kHz
- Galvanic separation between Auxiliary Circuit measuring ciruit
- Auxiliary supply AC and AC/DC
- · Optionally with start-up delay
- With time delay, up to max. 100 sec
- Optionally with safe separation to IEC/EN 61140 (on request)
- As option with manual reset
- · LED indicators for operation and contact position
- Width: 45 mm

Approvals and Markings



1) Approval not for all variants

Applications

- Monitoring voltage in AC or DC systems
- For industrial and railway applications

Function

The relays measure the arithmetic mean value of the rectified measuring voltage. The AC units are adjusted to the r.m.s value. They have settings for response value and hysteresis. The units work as overvoltage relays but can also be used for undervoltage detection. The hysteresis is dependent on the response value.

2 time delays are possible in different variants:

The start up delay t_a operates only when connecting the auxiliary supply. The response delay t_v is active after exceeding a response value. On overvoltage relays the delay is active when the voltage goes over the tripping value, on undervoltage relays when the voltage drops below the hysteresis value.

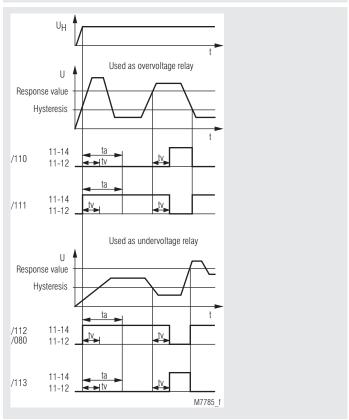
Indicators

Green upper LED: On, when auxiliary supply connected

Yellow lower LED: On, when output relay acitvated

Function Diagram without Start-up Delay U 🎄 Response value Hysteresis U_H Used as overvoltage relay /010, /020 /024, /081 11-12 11-14 /011 /021 11-12 t_V Used as undervoltage relay 11-14 /012, /022 /044, /045 11-12 /013, /023 /083 11-14 M6782_k

Function Diagram with Start-up Delay



Version BA 9054/_1_: 2 changeover contacts
Version BA 9054/_20, /_21, /_22, /_23, /_24: 1 changeover contact, measuring range \geq 70 ... 700 V
At version BA 9054/6__ with manual reset the contacts remain in the fault state after detecting a fault or after to has elapsed. The contacts are reset by disconnecting the supply voltage.

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Technical Data

Input (e, f)

With 1 Measuring range for AC <u>a n d</u> DC			
Measuring range ¹⁾		internal	max. permissible
AC	DC	resistance	contin. voltage
6 60 mV	5,4 54 mV	20 kΩ	10 V
15 150 mV	13,5 135 mV	40 kΩ	100 V
50 500 mV	45 450 mV	270 kΩ	250 V
0,5 5 V	0,45 4,5 V	500 kΩ	300 V
1 10 V	0,9 9,0 V	1 ΜΩ	300 V
5 50 V	4,5 45 V	2 ΜΩ	500 V
25 250 V	22,5 225 V	2 ΜΩ	500 V
50 500 V	45 450 V	2 ΜΩ	500 V
70 700 V ²⁾	63 630 V ²⁾	3 ΜΩ	1000 V
100 1000 V ²⁾	90 900 V ²⁾	3 MΩ	1000 V
1) D.O. 10			

1) DC or AC voltage 50 ... 5000 Hz

(Other frequency ranges of 10 ... 5000 Hz, e.g. 16 ²/₃ Hz on request)

²⁾ only with BA 9054/_20; /_21; /_22; /_23; /_24

(Version: 1 changeover contact)

Please note:

≤ 600 V: Overvoltage category III > 600 V: Overvoltage category II

Measuring ranges 6 ... 60 mV only available at variant BA 9054/08_

(Using only for current sensing via shunt!)

Measuring principle: Arithmetic mean value

The AC-devices can also monitor DC-Adjustment:

voltage. The scale offset in this case is

 $(\overline{U} = 0.90 \text{ U}_{\text{eff}})$ < 0.05 % / K

Temperature influence:

Setting Ranges

Setting

Infinite variable 0.1 $U_N \dots 1 U_N$ Response value:

relative scale

Hysteresis

at AC: Infinite variable 0.5 ... 0.98 of setting value Infinite variable 0.5 ... 0.96 of setting value at DC:

Accuracy:

Response value at

Potentiometer right stop (max): 0 + 8 % Potentiometer left stop (min): - 10 + 8%

Repeat accuracy

(constant parameter): \leq ± 0.5 %

Recovery time

at devices with manual reset (Reset by braking of the auxiliary voltage)

BA 9054/6__

(dependent to function and auxiliary voltage) Time delay t_v: Infinite variable at logarithmic scale

from 0 ... 20 s, 0 ... 30 s, 0 ... 60 s, 0 ... 100 s

setting 0 s = without time delay

Start-up delay t_a:

1 ... 20 s; 1 ... 60 s; 1 ... 100 s, BA 9054/1 : adjustable on logarithmic scale.

t is started when the supply voltage is connected. During elapse of time the output contact is in good state

Auxiliary voltage U_H (A1, A2)

Nominal voltage	Voltage range	Frequency range
AC/DC 24 80 V	AC 18 100 V	45 400 Hz; DC 48 % W
AC/DC 24 80 V	DC 18 130 V	W ≤ 5 %
AC/DC 80 230 V	AC 40 265 V	45 400 Hz; DC 48 % W
AC/DC 80 230 V	DC 40 300 V	W ≤ 5 %

Nominal voltage	Voltage range	Frequency range
DC 12 V	DC 10 18 V	battery voltage

Nominal consumption: 4 VA; 1.5 W at AC 230 V Rel. energized

1 W at DC 80 V Rel. energized

Auxiliary voltage U, (A1, A2) for mono voltages

Technical Data

Nominal voltage: AC 24, 42, 110, 127, 230, 400 V

Voltage range: 0.8 ... 1.1 U_u Nominal frequency: 50 / 60 Hz Frequency range: ±5% Nominal consumption: 2.5 VA

Output

Contacts: 2 changeover contacts

Thermal current I,:

Switching capacity to AC 15:

NO contact: 2 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60947-5-1 NC contact: 1 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60947-5-1 IEC/EN 60947-5-1 to DC 13: 1 A / DC 24 V **Electrical life**

2 x 5 A

at 3 A, AC 230 V $\cos \varphi = 1$: 2 x 105 switching cycles

Short-circuit strength max. fuse rating:

6 A gG/gL 30 x 10⁶ switching cycles Mechanical life:

General Data

Storage:

Operating mode: Continuous operation

Temperature range:

- 40 ... + 60°C Operation:

(higher temperature with limitations

IEC/EN 60947-5-1

IEC 60664-1

IEC/EN 61000-4-2

on request) - 40 ... + 70°C ≤ 2000 m

Altitude: Clearance and creepage distances

Overvoltage category Measuring voltage

Ш ≤ 600 V: > 600V: Ш

Rated impulse voltage / pollution degree

Aux. voltage / measuring input: 6 kV / 2 Auxiliary voltage / contacts: 6 kV / 2

IEC 60664-1 Measuring input / contacts: 6 kV / 2 IEC 60664-1 Contacts 11,12,14 / 21, 22, 24: 4 kV / 2 IEC 60664-1

EMC

Electrostatic discharge: 8 kV (air)

HF irradiation

80 MHz ... 1 GHz: 20 V/m IEC/EN 61000-4-3 1 GHz ... 2.7 GHz: 10 V/m IEC/EN 61000-4-3 Fast transients: 4 kV IEC/EN 61000-4-4

Surge voltages

between

wires for power supply: 2 kV IEC/EN 61000-4-5 between wire and ground: IEC/EN 61000-4-5 4 kV HF wire guided: 10 V IEC/EN 61000-4-6 Limit value class B EN 55011

Interference suppression: Degree of protection

IP 40 Housing: IEC/EN 60529 Terminals: IP 20 IEC/EN 60529 Housing: Thermoplastic with V0 behaviour

according to UL subject 94

Vibration resistance: Amplitude 0.35 mm IEC/EN 60068-2-6

frequency 10 ... 55 Hz 40 / 060 / 04

Climate resistance: Terminal designation:

IEC/EN 60068-1 EN 50005 2 x 2.5 mm² solid or Wire connection:

2 x 1.5 mm² stranded wire with sleeve

Wire fixing: Plus-minus terminal screws M3.5 with self-lifting clamping piece IEC/EN 60999-1

Stripping length: 10 mm 0.8 Nm Fixing torque:

Mounting: DIN-rail IEC/EN 60715

Weight AC-device: 280 a

AC/DC-device: 200 g

Dimensions

Width x height x depth: 45 x 75 x 120 mm

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Classification to DIN EN 50155

Vibration and

shock resistance: Category 1, Class B IEC/EN 61373 **Ambient temperature:** OT1, OT2 compliant

OT1, OT2 compliant
OT3 and OT4 with operational limitations

Protective coating of the PCB: No

CCC-Data

Thermal current I_m: 5 A

Switching capacity

to AC 15: 2 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1 to DC 13: 1 A / DC 24 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1

nfo

Technical data that is not stated in the CCC-Data, can be found in the technical data section.

AC 25 ... 250 V

AC/DC 80 ... 230 V

Standard Types

BA 9054/010 AC 25 ... 250 V AC/DC 80 ... 230 V

Article number: 0053642

for Overvoltage monitoring

Measuring range:

Auxiliary voltage U_µ:

Time delay t by U_{an:}

Width:

0 ... 20 s 45 mm

BA 9054/012 AC 25 ... 250 V AC/DC 80 ... 230 V

Article number:

0053714

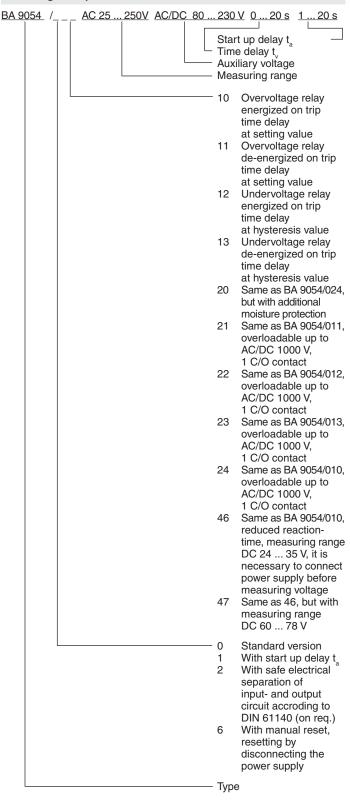
• for Undervoltage monitoring

Measuring range:
Auxiliary voltage U_µ:

AC 25 ... 250 V AC/DC 80 ... 230 V

Time delay t by U b: 0 ... 20 s
Width: 45 mm

Ordering Example for Variants



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Setting

Example:

Voltage relay AC 25 ... 250 V

AC according to type plate: i.e. the unit is adjusted to AC voltage 25 ... 250 V = measuring range

Response value AC 150 V Hysteresis AC 75 V

Settings

upper potentiometer: 0.6 $(0.6 \times 250 \text{ V} = 150 \text{ V})$ lower potentiometer: 0.5 $(0.5 \times 150 \text{ V} = 75 \text{ V})$

The AC-devices can also monitor DC voltage. The scale offset in this case is: \overline{U} = 0.9 x U,,,

AC 25 ... 250 V is equivalent to DC 22.5 ... 225 V

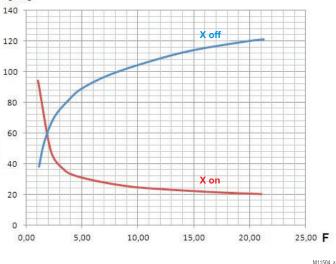
Response value DC 150 V Hysteresis DC 75 V

Settings

upper potentiometer: 0.66 $(0.66 \times 225 \text{ V} = 150 \text{ V})$ lower potentiometer: 0.5 $(0.5 \times 150 \text{ V} = 75 \text{ V})$

Characteristic





Time delay of measuring circuit

X on: Measured value rises
$$F = \frac{\text{Meas. value (after rise of meas. value)}}{\text{Setting value}}$$

The diagram shows the typical delay of a standard devices depending on the measured values "X on and X off" at sudden rise or drop of the signal. At slow change of the measured value the delay is shorter. The total reaction time of the device results from the adjustable delay $t_{\rm v}$ and the delay created by the measuring circuit.

The diagram shows an average delay. The delay times could differ on the different variants.

Example for "X on" (overvoltage detection with BA9054/010):

Adjusted setting value X on = 230 V.

Caused by a missing neutral the voltage rises suddenly to 400 V

$$F = \frac{\text{Measured value (after rise of meas. value)}}{\text{Setting value}} = \frac{400 \text{ V}}{230 \text{ V}} = 1,74$$

Reading from the diagram:

The output relay switches on after 64 ms at a setting t_v =0.

Example for "X off" (undervoltage detection with BA9054/012):

Adjusted hysteresis setting value is 100 V.

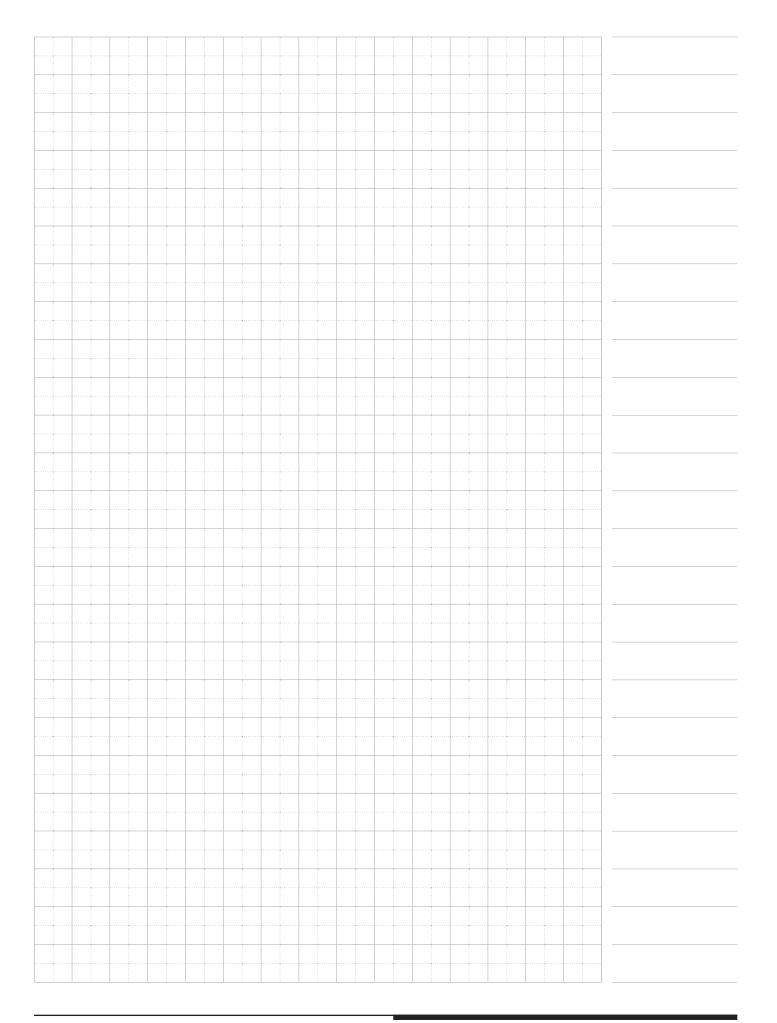
Caused by a broken wire the voltage drops suddenly from 230 V to 0 V.

$$F = \frac{\text{Measured value (befor meas. value drops)}}{\text{Setting value (hysteresis)}} = \frac{230 \text{ V}}{100 \text{ V}} = 2.3$$

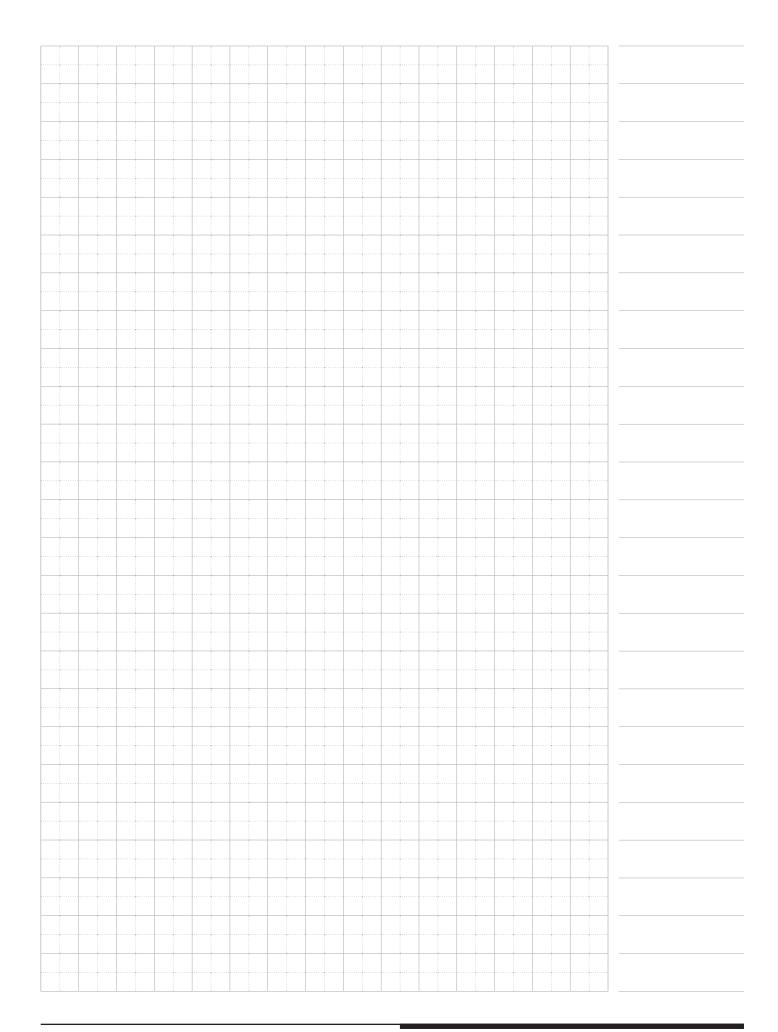
Reading from the diagram:

The output relay switches off after 70 ms at a setting t_v =0.

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